

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Issue date: 14/11/2022 Revision date: 14/11/2022 Version: 1.00

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form Trade name : Mixture

: FFX Coating QF150

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Use of the substance/mixture

: For industrial use within high temperature applications. Coating for use with High Temperature Insulation Wools.

Email competent person reachsds@alkegen.com

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Distributor

42420 Lorette

Distributor

France

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Alkegen (formerly Unifrax) Mill Lane, Rainford UK– WA11 8LP St Helens, Merseyside United Kingdom T + 44 (0) 1744 88 7600 - F + 44 (0) 1744 88 9916

Distributor

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Distributor

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Distributor Alkegen (formerly Unifrax) Via Volonterio 19 21047 Saronno (VA) Italy T +39 02 967 01 808 - F +39 02 962 5721

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number

: Occupational Hygiene and CARE: Tel: + 44 (0) 1744 887603; Email: reachsds@alkegen.com; (8.15-17.10 h); Language : English

T + 34 91 395 2279 - F + 34 91 395 2124

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Carcinogenicity (inhalation) Category 1B

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

H350i

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

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2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)

	GHS08
Signal word (CLP)	: Danger
Contains	: Aluminosilicate refractory ceramic fibres
Hazard statements (CLP)	: H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation.
Precautionary statements (CLP)	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection.
	P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Extra phrases	: Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : May cause mechanical irritation to the skin, eyes and respiratory system.

PBT: not relevant - no registration required

vPvB: not relevant - no registration required

Contains no PBT/vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component	
Aluminosilicate refractory ceramic fibres (142844-00- 6)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
ethanediol (107-21-1)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

Component	
	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Aluminosilicate refractory ceramic fibres substance listed as REACH Candidate substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB); substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (Note A)(Note R)	CAS-No.: 142844-00-6 EC Index-No.: 650-017-00-8 REACH-no: 01-2119458050- 50-0000	≥ 50 – < 70	Carc. 1B, H350i

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ethanediol	CAS-No.: 107-21-1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=500
substance with national workplace exposure limit(s)	EC-No.: 203-473-3	mg/kg bodyweight)
(GB); substance with a Community workplace	EC Index-No.: 603-027-00-1	STOT RE 2, H373
exposure limit	REACH-no: 01-2119456816- 28	

Note A : Without prejudice to Article 17(2), the name of the substance must appear on the label in the form of one of the designations given in Part 3. In Part 3, use is sometimes made of a general description such as '... compounds' or '... salts'. In this case, the supplier is required to state on the label the correct name, due account being taken of section 1.1.1.4.

Note R : The classification as a carcinogen need not apply to fibres with a length weighted geometric mean diameter less two standard geometric errors greater than 6 µm.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures First-aid measures general : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. First-aid measures after inhalation : Liquid product : Inhalation unlikely. First-aid measures after skin contact : Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get medical advice if skin irritation persists. : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get medical First-aid measures after eye contact advice/attention. First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Drink plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms/effects after skin contact : mechanical irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/effects after eye contact

: mechanical irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures			
5.1. Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: The product is not flammable. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.		
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture			
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Aldehydes.		
5.3. Advice for firefighters			
Firefighting instructions Protection during firefighting	Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.		

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	

Concerning personal protective equipment to use, see section 8.Prohibit unauthorized persons.
: Ensure adequate ventilation. Concerning personal protective equipment to use, see section 8.
: Manipulations are to be done only by qualified and authorised persons.

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6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Dry debris may be vacuum cleaned using a HEPA (High efficiency particulate arrester) filtered vacuum.

Other information

: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Information for safe handling. See section 7. Concerning personal protective equipment to use, see section 8. For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and stora	age
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear personal protective equipment. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust. Clean contaminated areas thoroughly.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, ir	ncluding any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Product must only be kept in the original packaging. Store tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Protect against frost.
Storage temperature Information about storage in one common storage	5 − 20 °C : Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.
facility	

7.3. Specific end use(s)

For professional users only. See Section 8. Exposure scenarios.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

ethanediol (107-21-1)		
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)		
Local name	Ethylene glycol	
IOEL TWA	52 mg/m ³	
IOEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
IOEL STEL	104 mg/m ³	
IOEL STEL [ppm]	40 ppm	
Remark	Skin	
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2000/39/EC	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Ethane-1,2-diol	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	10 mg/m³ particulate 52 mg/m³ vapour	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	20 ppm vapour	

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WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	104 mg/m³ vapour	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	40 ppm vapour	
Remark	Sk (Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity)	
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE	
Aluminosilicate refractory ceramic fibres (14	2844-00-6)	
EU - Binding Occupational Exposure Limit (BOEL)		
Local name	Refractory ceramic fibres which are carcinogens	
BOEL TWA	0.3 fibers/ml	
Regulatory reference	DIRECTIVE (EU) 2019/130 (amending Directive 2004/37/EC)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Refractory ceramic fibres and special purpose fibres	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m ³ total inhalable dust	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	0.3 fibers/ml respirable fraction	
Remark	Carc (Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage)	
Recommended monitoring procedures The UK follow MDHS 59 specific for MMVF	"Man-made mineral fibre - Airborne number concentration by phase-contrast light microscopy" and MDHS 14/3 "General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust".	
	WHO-EURO method: Determination of airborne fibre number concentrations; A recommended method, by phase-contrast optical microscop	
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE	

8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Aluminosilicate refractory ceramic fibres (142844-00-6) DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information	 Aluminosilicate refractory ceramic fibres. The DNEL cited in the long term exposure section above is based on the incidence of lung tumours (non-significant at all treatment levels) in a multi-dose rat study reported by Mast et al (Inhalation Toxicology, 1995, 7(4), 469-502) which demonstrates a NOAEL of 162 f/ml and leads to the calculated endpoint-specific DNEL of 2.17 f/ml. SCOEL have recommended an BOELV for RCF of 0.3 f/ml based on measured lung function in exposed workers. Assuming 45 years exposure, the average cumulative exposures of 147.9 (all workers in the high exposure group) and 184.8 fmo/ml (workers 60+ years of age in the high exposure group) - equivalent to average fibre concentrations of 0.27 and 0.34 f/ml respectively- were considered as no observed adverse effect levels for lung function and SCOEL therefore proposed an BOELV of 0.3 f/ml. This is considerably lower than the calculated DNEL value.
	than the calculated DNLL value.

8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

No additional information available

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8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses with side shields. EN 166

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

Skin and body protection:

Impervious clothing. Do not take working clothes home

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant PVC gloves (to European standard EN 374 or equivalent)

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection: If dust are formed : Wear appropriate mask. (FFP3)

8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

No additional information available

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8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use; Do not take working clothes home; Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately Uses and Risk Management Measures (RMM)

Intended use

Secondary use - Conversion into wet and dry mixtures and articles.

Process would include: Mixing forming operations, handling of RCF/ASW products, assembly of RCF/ASW containing products, machine and hand finishing of RCF/ASW products.

Reference ES 2*

RMM - Hierarchy of Controls

- Where it is practical to do so, automatically feed RCF/ASW in to the process
- Where practical to do so, segregate dry and wet processing
- Enclose the process where practically possible.
- Where practical to do so, segregate machine areas and restrict access to operators involved in the process.
- Enclose Machines as far as practically possible.
- Install LEV where possible, when machine finishing, handling, compressing and hand cutting to remove dust at source
- Employ experienced personnel trained in the correct use of fibrous products
- PPE and RPE used for all dusty tasks
- Provide vacuum cleaner connection point to central system where practical or use a portable HEPA vacuum
- Regular clean up using a wet scrubbing unit where practically possible and in general a HEPA vacuum should be used.
- Dry brushing and use of compressed air should be prohibited
- Waste materials to be contained at source, labelled and stored separately for disposal or recycling.

Intended use

Tertiary use - maintenance and service life (Industrial or professional use)

Process: Small scale repairs involving removal and installation of RCF/ASW products. Use of the product in an enclosed system, where there is occasional control access or no access.

Reference ES 3*

RMM - Hierarchy of Controls

- Use pre-cut, pre-sized pieces where practically possible.
- Allow access only to trained (authorised) operators
- Where practically possible, perform all hand cutting in a segregated area, on a down draft bench.
- Clean up work area regularly during the shift using a HEPA equipped vacuum cleaner.
- Prohibit use of dry brushing and compressed air cleaning.
- Bag and seal waste immediately at source.
- Use PPE and RPE appropriate to task.
- Employ good hygiene practices.

Intended use

Tertiary use- installation and removal (industrial or professional).

Large scale removal and installation of RCF/ASW from Industrial processes.

Large scale removal and installation by professionals.

Reference ES 4*

RMM - Hierarchy of Controls

- Where practically possible enclose or segregate the work area.
- Allow only authorised personnel.
- Pre-wet insulation prior to removal where practically possible.
- Where practically possible use a water lance for removal or vacuum-truck.
- Use down draft bench for hand cutting products.
- Cover pre-cut section during transport and storage to prevent secondary exposure.
- Where practically possible provide multiple vacuum hoses for convenient cleanup of spillage or use portable HEPA filtered vacuums.

: Liquid

- Bag waste materials immediately at source
- Prohibit use of dry brushing and or compressed air cleaning.
- Experienced personnel only
- Use appropriate PPE and RPE appropriate to expected concentrations.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

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Colour	: Blue.
Appearance	: Paste.
Odour	: Not available
Odour threshold	: Not available
Melting point	: > 1650 °C Fibres
Freezing point	: Not available
Boiling point	: Not available
Flammability	: Not applicable
	Not applicable
Explosive properties	: Product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties	: Non oxidizing.
Explosive limits	: Not applicable
Lower explosion limit	: Not available
Upper explosion limit	: Not available
Flash point	: Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not self-igniting
Decomposition temperature	: Not available
рН	: Not available
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not available
Solubility	: Water: Slightly soluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: Not available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: Not applicable
Vapour pressure	: Not available
Vapour pressure at 50°C	: Not available
Density	: 1720 kg/m³
Relative density	: Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	: Not available
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Other properties

: Length weighted geometric mean diameter of fibres contained in the product: 1.4 - 3 μm

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No additional information available.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral)

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

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Acute toxicity (dermal) Acute toxicity (inhalation)	 Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
FFX Coating QF150	
ATE CLP (oral)	> 10000 mg/kg bodyweight
ethanediol	
LD50 oral	≈ 1600 mg/kg bodyweight (human (estimated value))
Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory or skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Additional information	 Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) May cause cancer by inhalation. Method: Nose only Inhalation. Multi-dose Species: Rat, Dose: 3 mg/m3, 9 mg/m3 and 16 mg/m3 for 24 months Results: Minimal to mild lung fibrosis at 9mg/m3 and 16 mg/m3. No evidence of RCF-related lung tumours at "any of these doses."
Reproductive toxicity STOT-single exposure STOT-repeated exposure	 Method: Nose only Inhalation. Single dose Species: Rat, Dose: 30 mg/m3. Results: This study was designed to test the chronic toxicity and carcinogenicity of RCF a extreme exposures. Tumour incidence (incl. mesothelioma) was raised at this dose level. The presence of overload conditions (only detected after the experiment was completed), whereby the delivered dose exceeded the clearance capability of the lung, makes meaningful conclusions in terms of hazard and risk assessment difficult. Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
11.2. Information on other hazards	
11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties	

Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: No additional information available

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11.2.2. Other information	
Other information	Basic toxicokinetic Exposure is predominantly by inhalation or ingestion. Man made vitreous fibres of a similar size to RCF/ASW have not been shown to migrate from the lung and/or gut and do not become located in other parts of the body When compared to many naturally occurring minerals, RCF/ASW has a low ability to persist and accumulate in the body (half-life of long fibres (> 20 µm) in 3 week rat inhalation test is approx. 60 days).
	Human toxicological data In order to determine possible human health effects following RCF exposure, the University of Cincinnati has been conducting medical surveillance studies on RCF workers in the U.S. The Institute of Occupational Medicine (IOM) has conducted medical surveillance studies on RCF workers in European manufacturing facilities. Pulmonary morbidity studies among production workers in Europe and USA have demonstrated an absence of interstitial fibrosis and no loss in lung function was observed in the longitudinal study with RCF exposure. A statistically significant correlation between pleural plaques and cumulative RCF exposure was evidenced in the USA longitudinal study. The USA mortality study did not show evidence of increased lung tumour development either in the lung parenchyma or in the pleura.
	Irritant Properties Negative results have been obtained in animal studies (EU method B 4) for skin irritation. Inhalation exposures using the nose only route produce simultaneous heavy exposures to the eyes, but no reports of excess eye irritation exist. Animals exposed by inhalation similarly show no evidence of respiratory tract irritation. Human data confirm that only mechanical irritation, resulting in itching, occurs in humans, Screening at manufacturers' plants in the UK has failed to show any human cases of skin conditions related to fibre exposure.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
(acute)	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
(chronic)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

ethanediol (107-21-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.	
Biodegradation	90 – 100 % (10 d; (OECD 301A method))	
Aluminosilicate refractory ceramic fibres (142844-00-6)		
Persistence and degradability Not applicable for inorganic substances.		

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

FFX Coating QF150

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable
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12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

FFX Coating QF150

PBT: not relevant – no registration required

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vPvB: not relevant – no registration required

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations European List of Waste (LoW) code HP Code

- : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
- : 16 03 03* inorganic wastes containing dangerous substances
- : HP7 "Carcinogenic:" waste which induces cancer or increases its incidence

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID r	number			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shippin	g name			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard	class(es)			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental haz	zards			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Not applicable

Transport by sea

Not applicable

Air transport

Not applicable

Inland waterway transport

Not applicable

Rail transport Not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations : Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Take note of Directive 92/85/EC on the safety and health of pregnant workers at work. Directive (EC) 2017/2398.

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)	
Reference code	Applicable on
3(b)	ethanediol
28.	Aluminosilicate refractory ceramic fibres

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Contains substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List in concentrations \geq 0.1 % or SCL: Aluminosilicate refractory ceramic fibres (CAS 142844-00-6)

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

15.1.2. National regulations

United Kingdom

National regulations

: Take note of Directive 92/85/EC on the safety and health of pregnant workers at work.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out: Aluminosilicate refractory ceramic fibres

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods

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REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
РВТ	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
EC50	Median effective concentration
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit

Data sources

Information provided by the manufacturer. European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/.
Occupational Hygiene: dawn.webster@alkegen.com.

Other information

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity (inhalation) Category 1B
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

	Carc. 1B	H350i	Expert judgment
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KFT SDS EU 06

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